Danish University Colleges

**Fundamentals of Care** The conceptual "Fundamentals of Care" framework as a reflective tool to improve nursing students’ communicative and relational competencies

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INTRODUCTION:

• A collaboration between The School of Nursing, University College of Northern Denmark, and the Clinical Research Unit at Aalborg University Hospital, Denmark, ensures that the Fundamentals of Care framework (1) is adapted as a reflective tool (figure 1).
• A meta-synthesis (2) shows that nursing students experience fear, anxiety and stress and are left vulnerable with a feeling of inadequacy and incompetence in engaging with patients.
• Our study is relevant because students encounter with patients is an essential and unavoidable phenomenon for nursing students in the clinical term of their nursing education.

PURPOSE:

• To develop a reflective tool supporting nursing students' communicative and relational skills and competencies during the patient care encounter.
• To ensure a close correlation between the theoretical and clinical part of the nursing education.

CONCLUSION:

It is anticipated that students' ability to establish relations with patients will improve.

The intervention will be evaluated through focus group interviews of first-year students (an interventional group (48 students) and a control group (48 students)).

METHODS:

• Development of a reflective tool using Kolb's (3) structural foundations of the learning process (Figure 3) and the core of the “Fundamentals of Care” framework: “The established relationship” (Figure 2).
• The reflective tool is used in a two-day workshop to support nursing students' critical reflection on a patient encounter.

REFERENCES:

1. Kitson A, Conroy T, Kuluski K, Locock L, Lyons R. Reclaiming and redefining the Fundamentals of Care: Nursing's response to meeting patients' basic human needs. Adelaide, South Australia: School of Nursing, the University of Adelaide. 2013
2. Kaldal, M. H., Kristiansen, J., & Uhrenfeldt, L. Nursing students experienced personal inadequacy, vulnerability and transformation as a reflective tool (figure 1).

INTRODUCTION:

• Our study is relevant because students’ lack of communicative and relational competencies during the patient care encounter.

• A meta-synthesis (2) shows that nursing education

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